**Global Data**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Total GDP contribution</th>
<th>Travel &amp; Tourism GDP change</th>
<th>Total Travel &amp; Tourism jobs</th>
<th>Change in Jobs²</th>
<th>Change</th>
<th>Economy change</th>
<th>Economy change</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2019</td>
<td>10.3% USD 9,630 BN</td>
<td>-50.4% =USD -4,855 BN (Economy GDP = -3.3%)</td>
<td>333 MN = 1 in 10 jobs</td>
<td>-62.0MN = -18.6%</td>
<td>-74.1%</td>
<td>-5.0%</td>
<td>+6.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2020</td>
<td>5.3% USD 4,775 BN</td>
<td>+21.7% =USD 1,038 BN (Economy GDP = 5.8%)</td>
<td>271 MN = 1 in 12 jobs</td>
<td>+18.2MN = + 6.7%</td>
<td>+166.9%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2021</td>
<td>6.1% USD 5,812 BN</td>
<td></td>
<td>289 MN = 1 in 11 jobs</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Cyprus Key Data**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Total contribution of Travel &amp; Tourism to GDP:</th>
<th>Total contribution of Travel &amp; Tourism to Employment:</th>
<th>Visitor Spend:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$13.7% of Total Economy EUR 3,157.2MN (USD 3,480.3MN)</td>
<td>56.5 (000s) 14.0% of total jobs</td>
<td>International:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3.7% of Total Economy EUR 817.9MN (USD 901.6MN)</td>
<td>46.8 (000s) 11.6% of total jobs</td>
<td>EUR 2,795.7 MN 16.0% of total exports (USD 3,081.9MN)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>9.3% of Total Economy EUR 2,183.2MN (USD 2,406.7MN)</td>
<td>53.7 (000s) 12.9% of total jobs</td>
<td>Domestic:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Change: -74.1% Economy change: -5.0%</td>
<td></td>
<td>EUR 1,663.0 MN 8.8% of total exports (USD 1,832.2MN)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Change: +166.9% Economy change: +6.5%</td>
<td></td>
<td>Change: +236.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$2,183.2MN (USD 2,406.7MN)</td>
<td></td>
<td>EUR 237.4 MN (USD 261.7MN)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>+18.2MN = + 6.7%</td>
<td></td>
<td>Change: +69.5%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
CYPRUS
2022 Annual Research: Key Highlights

Cyprus Sector Characteristics

Domestic vs International Spending:

- **Domestic Spending**:
  - 2019: USD 317.2MN (9%)
  - 2021: USD 261.7MN (12%)

- **International Spending**:
  - 2019: USD 3,081.9MN (91%)
  - 2021: USD 1,833.2MN (88%)

Leisure vs Business Spending:

- **Leisure Spending**:
  - 2019: USD 3,140.0MN (92%)
  - 2021: USD 1,939.4MN (93%)

- **Business Spending**:
  - 2019: USD 259.1MN (8%)
  - 2021: USD 155.5MN (7%)

Inbound Arrivals³:

- **2019**
  1. United Kingdom 33%
  2. Russian Federation 20%
  3. Israel 7%
  4. Greece 4%
  5. Germany 4%
  Rest of world 31%

- **2021**
  1. Russian Federation 27%
  2. United Kingdom 20%
  3. Poland 6%
  4. Greece 6%
  5. Ukraine 4%
  Rest of world 38%

Outbound Departures³:

- **2019**
  1. Greece 63%
  2. United Kingdom 20%
  3. Russia 10%
  4. Greece 6%
  5. Ukraine 4%
  Rest of world 19%

- **2021**
  1. Greece 72%
  2. United Kingdom 5%
  3. France 3%
  4. Spain 2%
  5. Austria 2%
  Rest of world 16%

Note: All percentage changes reflect year on year changes.

1. All values are in constant 2021 prices & exchange rates. As reported in March 2022
2. Where the country or region has implemented job support schemes and supported jobs are still recorded as employment by national statistical authorities, job losses exclude those supported jobs (where known)
3. Source: Oxford Economics, national sources and UNWTO