## ANGOLA
2021 Annual Research: Key Highlights

### Global Data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total GDP contribution:</th>
<th>Total Travel &amp; Tourism jobs:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2019 USD 9,170 BN</td>
<td>2019 AOA159.7 BN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.4%</td>
<td>3.0% of Total Economy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2020 USD 4,671 BN</td>
<td>2020 AOA740.6 BN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.5%</td>
<td>2.0% of Total Economy</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total Travel & Tourism GDP change in 2020:**

-49.1%

Global Economy GDP change:

-3.7%

**Change in Jobs in 2020**

-103.1 (000s)

-23.6%

-40.5%

-18.5%

### Angola Key Data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2019</th>
<th>2020</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total contribution of Travel &amp; Tourism to GDP:</strong></td>
<td><strong>Total contribution of Travel &amp; Tourism to Employment:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.0% of Total Economy</td>
<td>2.0% of Total Economy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total T&amp;T GDP = AOA1,174.6BN (USD2,032.6MN)</td>
<td>Total T&amp;T GDP = AOA740.6BN (USD1,281.6MN)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Visitor Impact**

**International:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AOA159.7 BN</th>
<th>AOA68.9 BN</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Visitor spend</td>
<td>Visitor spend</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.1% of total exports (USD276.3MN)</td>
<td>0.6% of total exports (USD119.2MN)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Domestic:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AOA661.5 BN</th>
<th>AOA393.9 BN</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Visitor spend</td>
<td>Visitor spend</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(USD 1,144.8MN)</td>
<td>(USD 681.7MN)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
DOMESTIC VS INTERNATIONAL SPENDING:

- **Domestic Spending:**
  - 2019: USD 1,144.8MN (81%)
  - 2020: USD 681.7MN (85%)

- **International Spending:**
  - 2019: USD 276.3MN (19%)
  - 2020: USD 119.2MN (15%)

LEISURE VS BUSINESS SPENDING:

- **Leisure Spending:**
  - 2019: USD 1,046.4MN (74%)
  - 2020: USD 640.7MN (80%)

- **Business Spending:**
  - 2019: USD 374.7MN (26%)
  - 2020: USD 160.1MN (20%)

INBOUND ARRIVALS:

- 2019:
  1. Portugal 30%
  2. China 8%
  3. Brazil 7%
  4. France 6%
  5. United Kingdom 4%
  Rest of world 45%

- 2020:
  1. Portugal 31%
  2. China 7%
  3. Brazil 6%
  4. Macau SAR, China 5%
  5. France 4%
  Rest of world 48%

OUTBOUND DEPARTURES:

- 2019:
  1. Namibia 69%
  2. DR Congo 12%
  3. South Africa 8%
  4. Brazil 2%
  5. France 2%
  Rest of world 8%

- 2020:
  1. Namibia 69%
  2. DR Congo 10%
  3. South Africa 5%
  4. Zambia 4%
  5. Brazil 3%
  Rest of world 9%

1. All values are in constant 2020 prices & exchange rates. As reported in March 2021
2. Where the country or region has implemented job support schemes and supported jobs are still recorded as employment by national statistical authorities, job losses exclude those supported jobs (where known)
3. Source: Oxford Economics, national sources and UNWTO