### Global Data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Total GDP contribution:</th>
<th>Total Travel &amp; Tourism jobs:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2019</td>
<td>$10.3%$ USD 9,630 BN</td>
<td>333 MN = 1 in 10 jobs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2020</td>
<td>$5.3%$ USD 4,775 BN</td>
<td>271 MN = 1 in 12 jobs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2021</td>
<td>$6.1%$ USD 5,812 BN</td>
<td>289 MN = 1 in 11 jobs</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Travel &amp; Tourism GDP change:</th>
<th>Change in Jobs:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2019</td>
<td>$-50.4%$ USD -4,855 BN (Economy GDP = -3.3%)</td>
<td>$-62.0$ MN = -18.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2020</td>
<td>$+21.7%$ USD 1,038 BN (Economy GDP = 5.8%)</td>
<td>$+18.2$ MN = + 6.7%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Sao Tome and Principe Key Data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Total contribution of Travel &amp; Tourism to GDP:</th>
<th>Total contribution of Travel &amp; Tourism to Employment:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2019</td>
<td>$14.4%$ of Total Economy USD 71.7 MN</td>
<td>8.4 (000s) 13.5% of total jobs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2020</td>
<td>$6.1%$ of Total Economy USD 31.0 MN</td>
<td>6.2 (000s) 10.2% of total jobs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2021</td>
<td>$5.5%$ of Total Economy USD 28.8 MN</td>
<td>6.1 (000s) 9.7% of total jobs</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Visitor Spend:</th>
<th>Domestic:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2019</td>
<td>$STD 1.1 BN (46.7% of total exports) USD 53.0 MN</td>
<td>$STD 0.2 BN (USD 7.6 MN) Change: -27.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2020</td>
<td>$STD 0.4 BN (25.5% of total exports) USD 18.2 MN</td>
<td>$STD 0.2 BN (USD 9.2 MN) Change: +20.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2021</td>
<td>$STD 0.3 BN (19.7% of total exports) USD 14.9 MN</td>
<td>$STD 0.2 BN (USD 9.2 MN) Change: +20.5%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SAO TOME AND PRINCIPE
2022 Annual Research: Key Highlights

Sao Tome and Principe Sector Characteristics

Domestic vs International Spending:

- **2019**
  - Domestic Spending: USD 10.5MN (17%)
  - International Spending: USD 53.0MN (83%)

- **2021**
  - Domestic Spending: USD 9.2MN (38%)
  - International Spending: USD 14.9MN (62%)

Leisure vs Business Spending:

- **2019**
  - Leisure Spending: USD 46.0MN (72%)
  - Business Spending: USD 17.5MN (28%)

- **2021**
  - Leisure Spending: USD 14.1MN (59%)
  - Business Spending: USD 10.0MN (41%)

Inbound Arrivals:

- **2019**
  1. Angola 29%
  2. Portugal 8%
  3. Nigeria 4%
  4. France 3%
  5. United Kingdom 3%
  Rest of world 53%

- **2021**
  1. Angola 34%
  2. Portugal 9%
  3. France 5%
  4. Germany 2%
  5. Spain 2%
  Rest of world 47%

Outbound Departures:

- **2019**
  1. Nigeria 52%
  2. Dominican Republic 11%
  3. Angola 10%
  4. Philippines 10%
  5. Belgium 3%
  Rest of world 14%

- **2021**
  1. Nigeria 41%
  2. Dominican Republic 24%
  3. Belgium 4%
  4. Angola 4%
  5. Philippines 4%
  Rest of world 23%

Note: All percentage changes reflect year on year changes.

1. All values are in constant 2021 prices & exchange rates. As reported in March 2022
2. Where the country or region has implemented job support schemes and supported jobs are still recorded as employment by national statistical authorities, job losses exclude those supported jobs (where known)
3. Source: Oxford Economics, national sources and UNWTO