## Global Data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Total GDP Contribution</th>
<th>Travel &amp; Tourism GDP</th>
<th>Total Travel &amp; Tourism Jobs</th>
<th>Change in Jobs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2019</td>
<td>10.3% USD 9,630 BN</td>
<td>-50.4% USD -4,855 BN</td>
<td>333 MN</td>
<td>-62.0MN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(Economy GDP = -3.3%)</td>
<td>= 1 in 10 jobs</td>
<td>= -18.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2020</td>
<td>5.3% USD 4,775 BN</td>
<td>+21.7% USD 1,038 BN</td>
<td>271 MN</td>
<td>+18.2MN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(Economy GDP = 5.8%)</td>
<td>= 1 in 12 jobs</td>
<td>= + 6.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2021</td>
<td>6.1% USD 5,812 BN</td>
<td></td>
<td>289 MN</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>= 1 in 11 jobs</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Eswatini Key Data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Total contribution of Travel &amp; Tourism to GDP:</th>
<th>Total contribution of Travel &amp; Tourism to Employment:</th>
<th>Visitor Spend:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2019</td>
<td>5.5% of Total Economy</td>
<td>17.5 (000s) 6.2% of total jobs</td>
<td>SZL 115.2MN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>SZL 3,741.9MN (USD 253.2MN)</td>
<td></td>
<td>0.4% of total exports (USD 7.8MN)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2020</td>
<td>4.4% of Total Economy</td>
<td>14.6 (000s) 5.5% of total jobs</td>
<td>SZL 52.1MN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>SZL 2,964.3MN (USD 200.6MN)</td>
<td></td>
<td>0.2% of total exports (USD 3.5MN)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Change: -54.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2021</td>
<td>4.6% of Total Economy</td>
<td>15.5 (000s) 5.7% of total jobs</td>
<td>SZL 32.6MN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>SZL 3,271.3MN (USD 221.3MN)</td>
<td></td>
<td>0.1% of total exports (USD 2.2MN)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Change: -37.5%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Visitor Spend:

- **International**
  - SZL 115.2MN (USD 7.8MN)
  - Change: -54.7%
- **Domestic**
  - SZL 3,236.1MN (USD 219.0MN)
  - Change: -21.3%
ESWATINI
2022 Annual Research: Key Highlights

Eswatini Sector Characteristics

**Domestic vs International Spending:**
- **2019**
  - Domestic Spending: USD 219.0MN (97%)
  - International Spending: USD 7.8MN (3%)
- **2021**
  - Domestic Spending: USD 194.0MN (99%)
  - International Spending: USD 2.2MN (1%)

**Leisure vs Business Spending:**
- **2019**
  - Leisure Spending: USD 39.1MN (17%)
  - Business Spending: USD 187.7MN (83%)
- **2021**
  - Leisure Spending: USD 30.0MN (15%)
  - Business Spending: USD 166.2MN (85%)

**Inbound Arrivals:**
- **2019**
  1. South Africa 57%
  2. Mozambique 4%
  3. United Kingdom 3%
  4. Portugal 3%
  5. Australia 0.8%
  Rest of world 31%
- **2021**
  1. South Africa 64%
  2. Mozambique 7%
  3. Portugal 5%
  4. United Kingdom 2%
  5. Australia 0.1%
  Rest of world 23%

**Outbound Departures:**
- **2019**
  1. South Africa 95%
  2. Zimbabwe 2%
  3. Mozambique 1%
  4. Lesotho 0.6%
  5. Botswana 0.2%
  Rest of world 1%
- **2021**
  1. South Africa 88%
  2. Zimbabwe 5%
  3. Mozambique 2%
  4. Lesotho 1%
  5. Dominican Republic 0.6%
  Rest of world 2%

**Note:** All percentage changes reflect year on year changes.

1. All values are in constant 2021 prices & exchange rates. As reported in March 2022
2. Where the country or region has implemented job support schemes and supported jobs are still recorded as employment by national statistical authorities, job losses exclude those supported jobs (where known)
3. Source: Oxford Economics, national sources and UNWTO